

# SAFE WORK PRACTICE SWP-25 June 7, 2018 LADDERS

## **PURPOSE**

To provide guidance in safe ladder use. This safe work practice applies to all Strike employees and contractors.

## Responsibilities

Supervisor

- Ensure appropriate ladder(s) are available and in good condition
- Ensure ladders are used properly

#### Worker

- Inspect ladders before using them
- Follow manufacturer's specifications

## **PPE**

- Strike minimum requirements
- Fall Protection as required

## **Training**

Fall protection training as required

# Hazards & Concerns

- Personal injury
- Gravity

Traffic

- Property damage
- Weather (wind/rain/snow)
- Electrical Sources
- Ground and surface condition



**Note:** Verify client/site ladder use requirements (e.g. some do not permit work to be performed from ladders).

## **GENERAL LADDER PRECAUTIONS**

#### THE DO's

- DO HIAC your work task
- DO Assess whether fall protection/rescue plan (CF-S-28) is required
- DO Consider if there is a better tool for working at heights. (e.g. scaffolding, elevated work platform)
- DO Follow manufacturer's recommendations
- DO Choose the appropriate CSA-approved ladder for the task
- DO Use a fiberglass, or other non-conductive material, ladder when working near electricity or energized equipment
- DO Inspect ladders before use:
  - 1. Check rungs, legs, cross braces, and feet for damage
  - 2. Moveable parts must operate freely
  - 3. Hardware and fittings must be securely attached
  - 4. Rungs and steps must be free of grease or oil
  - 5. Ladder must be free of corrosion, rust, oxidization and excessive wear, especially on treads
  - 6. Read labels for more specific guidance
- DO Maintain three-point contact and always face the ladder when climbing or performing work
- DO Climb down and move ladder instead of overreaching
- DO Keep your body centered between the rails of the ladder
- DO Keep footwear clean, and the rungs free of mud, snow or grease



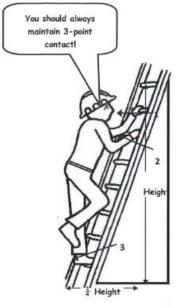
# **SAFE WORK PRACTICE**

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#### THE DON'Ts

- DO NOT Use a ladder that is visibly damaged, twisted or bowed
   Tag out of service and notify your supervisor
- DO NOT Place a ladder in front of doors opening toward the ladder except when the door is locked or blocked from opening
- DO NOT Use ladders in a horizontal position as a platform or scaffold
- DO NOT Place a ladder on top of another object such as a box to gain additional height
- DO NOT Step from one ladder to another; instead climb down to the ground then up the other ladder
- DO NOT Allow more than one person on a ladder at a time
- DO NOT Carry heavy, bulky or hazardous objects while climbing up or down a ladder
- DO NOT Use a ladder to support a platform
- DO NOT Paint a wooden ladder or use a wooden ladder that has been painted
- DO NOT Use ladders around windows, stairwells or unprotected edges



For every 1m (3.28 ft) high, the ladder base should be out 0.25m (0.82 ft)

## **STEP LADDERS:**

# THE DO's

- DO Ensure ladder is placed on a stable base
- DO Ensure that each foot is in contact with the ground
- DO Ensure the leg spreaders are fully extended prior to use
- DO Secure ladder or hold in place
- DO Tie off the step ladder and/or hold it in position if the step ladder is over ten feet (3m)

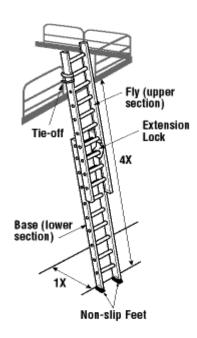
## THE DON'Ts

- DO NOT Use a stepladder as a straight ladder always open the legs
- DO NOT Use a step ladder at heights exceeding six meters

# **EXTENSION LADDERS:**

## THE DO's

- DO Ensure extension ladders are equipped with locks that securely hold sections of the ladder in the extended position
- DO Erect extension ladders so that the bottom section "faces" the supporting surface (See figure at right)
- DO Raise and lower ladders from the ground. Ensure that locking ladder hooks are secure before climbing
- DO Maintain the minimum overlap of sections as shown on a ladder label (typically four rung overlap between sections, refer to manufacturer's specifications)
- DO Set up ladder at a 4:1 ratio (i.e. for every 4 ft the ladder rises, the ladder base must be out 1 ft)
- DO Ensure that the side rails of a portable ladder extend at least one meter or four rungs above a platform, landing, or parapet if the ladder is used to access the platform
- DO Tie off extension ladders. If there is no structure to tie off to, use a stake in the ground





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#### THE DON'Ts

- **DO NOT** Place ladder against movable objects
- DO NOT Step on the top 4 rungs of an extension ladder
- DO NOT Separate sections to use individually; ladder is built as one unit, leave it as one unit
- DO NOT remove tie-offs until ladder is ready to be taken down
- DO NOT Extend ladder on ground and attempt to raise, see below for safer practice

## **PROPER EXTENSION LADDER SET-UP & TAKE DOWN:**

When setting up an extension ladder, use the following method to avoid straining muscles or losing control of a ladder. With ladders weighing more than 25 kg (55 lb), or where conditions complicate the task, have two people set up the ladder, step by step, as follows:

- 1. Lay a ladder on the ground close to intended location
- 2. Brace ladder base using helper's feet
- 3. Grasp the top rung with both hands, raise the top end over your head and walk toward the base of a ladder. Grasp the center of the rungs to maintain stability
- 4. Move the extended ladder to the desired location. Lean it forward against the resting point

One person can erect a short ladder, step by step as follows:

- 1. Secure the base of a ladder firmly against the base of a building or stationary object
- 2. Lift the top of ladder and pull upwards to raise a ladder to a vertical position
- 3. Transfer a ladder to its required position when it is properly extended
- 4. Keep a ladder upright and close to the body with a firm grip

The method for lowering any ladder is the reverse procedure of erecting it.

## **Ladder Storage:**

## THE DO's

- DO Store ladders indoors out of the elements where possible
- DO Keep ladders clean and free of foreign materials
- DO Keep wooden ladders in a well-ventilated location, away from dampness and excessive heat
- DO Pad racks on vehicles with soft material to reduce wear and road shocks
- DO Identify ladders which overhang vehicles with a red or orange flag

#### THE DON'Ts

- DO NOT Overhang beyond support points when transporting ladders on vehicles (Stay within a few feet of the last support)
- DO NOT Hang ladders from rungs
- DO NOT Store materials on ladders

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